

# Topology (phases of this difference)

73° N, 44° W, written for Conrad Harris & Pauline Kim Harris  
by Andrew C. Smith, 2012-13

For each melodic line, the violinists should take turns playing the individual notes, hocketing back and forth. Each note should be held until the player's next note; the exception to this is the end of each phrase, where Vn. II releases the note at the thick black bar and Vn. I holds the final note as long as desired. There is then a slight pause before the start of the next phrase.

The melodies are played in order, in this fashion, until the 15th melody. This UNISON ROW is played in unison by both violins. After this row, the players switch roles and Vn. II leads each melody.

Time is relative to horizontal space. Tick-marks have been provided in case the players wish to hone their timing, but there should never be a sense of a "beat."

Tuning is based on just intonation, using the Helmholtz-Ellis accidentals developed by Marc Sabat and Wolfgang von Schweinitz.

In addition to the accidentals, the specific frequencies of the pitches have been provided. This should facilitate rehearsal with digital tuners.

Note that the key element is not the

pitches' relationship to any global tuning, but rather their relationships to the other simultaneously sounding tone.

The piece takes as input the coordinates of the performance location. Each performance of the piece should (ideally) use its own coordinates as input.

This piece was written for recording at 73° N, 44° W (New York). For a version of the piece calibrated for a different performance location, please contact the composer.

The image shows two staves of musical notation. The top staff is marked *mp* and contains five notes with upward-pointing arrows above them. Below the staff is a horizontal axis with tick marks. Underneath the axis are two rows of data:

293	469	528	453	509
1/1	5/4	9/7	9/7	3/2

Below this is another horizontal axis with tick marks, and under it is another table:

2/1	8/7	3/2	4/3
587	411	352	339

Two arrows point from the text labels to the right of the diagram: "Frequency" points to the top row of numbers, and "Ratio from sounding note (in other voice) to this note" points to the middle row of ratios.

Explanation of the Helmholtz-Ellis notation created by Marc Sabat & Wolfgang von Schweinitz, excerpted from a legend written by the authors.

I created these particular glyphs based on the Helmholtz-Ellis font. While the HE glyphs are based on Finale's Maestro font and Sibelius's Opus font, these are based on the Lilypond Feta font.

The Helmholtz-Ellis notation is licensed under a Creative Commons 3.0 Share-Alike license. This implementation of the font is under the same license.

♭♭ b b # x

↑♭ ↓♭ ↑b ↓b ↑# ↓#

└ ┘

└ ┘

† ‡

Pythagorean series of fifths – the open strings  
(... c g d a e ...)

lowers/raises by a syntonic comma  
81:80 = circa 21.5 cents

lowers/raises by a septimal comma  
64:63 = circa 27.3 cents

lowers/raises by two septimal commas  
circa 54.5 cents

raises/lowers by an undecimal quartertone  
33:32 = circa 53.3 cents

1

*mp*

293                      469                      528                      453                      509

I/I                      5/4                      9/7                      9/7                      3/2

2/I                      8/7                      3/2                      4/3

587                      4II                      352                      339

*mp*

Musical score for system 1, first staff. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature. The melody consists of five notes: G4, F4, E4, D4, and C4. The notes are connected by a slur. Above the staff, there are five vertical arrows pointing upwards, each aligned with a note. The dynamic marking *mp* is placed below the staff.

2

*mp*

293                      469                      645                      502                      565

I/I                      5/4                      II/7                      7/6                      3/2

2/I                      8/7                      3/2                      4/3

587                      4II                      430                      376

*mp*

Musical score for system 2, first staff. It features a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a common time signature. The melody consists of five notes: G4, F4, E4, D4, and C4. The notes are connected by a slur. Above the staff, there are five vertical arrows pointing upwards, each aligned with a note. The dynamic marking *mp* is placed below the staff.

3

*pppp*

293                      440                      440                      419                      471

I/I                      4/3                      9/7                      IO/7                      3/2

2/I                      9/7                      3/2                      4/3

587                      342                      293                      314

*pppp*

Musical score for system 3, first staff. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F-sharp), and a common time signature. The melody consists of five notes: G4, F4, E4, D4, and C4. The notes are connected by a slur. Above the staff, there are five vertical arrows pointing upwards, each aligned with a note. The dynamic marking *pppp* is placed below the staff.

4

*p*

293	44 <sup>o</sup>	44 <sup>o</sup>	743	835
I/I	4/3	8/7	9/8	3/2

---

2/1	8/7	4/3	4/3
587	385	33 <sup>o</sup>	557

5

*mp*

293	469	528	792	891
I/I	5/4	9/7	9/8	3/2

---

2/1	8/7	3/2	4/3
587	411	352	594

6

*ppp*

293	44 <sup>o</sup>	55 <sup>o</sup>	825	928
I/I	4/3	10/7	9/8	3/2

---

2/1	8/7	3/2	4/3
587	385	367	619

7

*mp*

293	440	489	733	825
1/1	4/3	10/7	9/8	3/2

---

2/1	9/7	3/2	4/3
587	342	326	550

*mp*

8

*mp*

293	440	280	945	1063
1/1	4/3	7/6	9/8	3/2

---

2/1	11/6	3/2	4/3
587	240	280	709

*mp*

9

*mp*

293	440	223	754	849
1/1	4/3	8/7	9/8	3/2

---

2/1	9/8	3/2	4/3
587	196	335	566

*mp*

10

*mf*

293	44 <sup>0</sup>	251	377	955
I/I	4/3	9/7	9/8	3/2

---

2/1	9/8	3/2	4/3
587	261961	377	636

*mf*

11

*mf*

293	44 <sup>0</sup>	913	1369	1540
I/I	4/3	4/3	9/8	3/2

---

2/1	9/7	3/2	4/3
587	342	608	1027

*mf*

12

*f*

293	44 <sup>0</sup>	521	497	559
I/I	4/3	4/3	10/7	3/2

---

2/1	9/8	3/2	4/3
587	196	348	372

*f*

13

*f*

293	440	652	978	1100
I/I	4/3	4/3	9/8	3/2

---

2/I	9/5	3/2	4/3
587	244	435	733

14

*p*

293	440	440	660	743
I/I	4/3	9/8	9/8	3/2

---

2/I	9/8	3/2	4/3
587	196	293	495

o — UNSION

*fff*

15

*f*

587 235 417 704  
2/1 5/3 3/2 4/3

1/1 4/3 4/3 9/8 3/2  
293 782 626 939 1056

16

*p*

587 528 939 1584  
2/1 9/8 3/2 4/3

1/1 5/4 4/3 9/8 3/2  
293 235 1408 2112 2376

8va

17

*p*

587 348 232 391  
2/1 9/8 2/1 4/3

1/1 4/3 4/3 9/8 3/2  
293 782 927 521 587

18

*mp*

587 1564 2781 927  
2/I 9/8 3/2 4/3

I/I 3/2 4/3 9/8 3/2  
293 3520 4172 1236 1391

8va-----  
15ma-----

*mp*

19

*mp*

587 1056 1877 3168  
2/I 5/3 3/2 4/3

I/I 3/2 4/3 9/8 3/2  
293 3520 2816 4224 2112

8va-----  
15ma-----

*mp*

20

*mp*

587 913 1420 2342  
2/I 9/8 3/2 4/3

I/I 7/4 7/6 11/5 3/2  
293 2054 2129 3123 3513

8va-----  
15ma-----

*mp*



21

*ppp*

587 1043 587 329  
2/I 9/8 3/2 5/4

I/I 2/I 4/3 7/5 3/2  
293 2347 39I 1643 493

8va-  
8va-

*ppp*

22

*mp*

587 1564 1043 2607  
2/I 9/8 2/I 4/3

I/I 3/2 4/3 5/3 3/2  
293 3520 4172 3477 39II

15ma-  
8va-

*mp*

23

*p*

587 838 279 471  
2/I 7/4 2/I 4/3

I/I 5/4 4/3 9/8 3/2  
293 2933 2235 629 707

15ma-

*p*

24

*ppp*

587 1043 464 204  
2/I 9/8 3/2 5/4

I/I	2/I	4/3	II/IO	3/2
293	2347	2781	1020	306

*ppp*

15ma-----

25

*ppp*

587 587 196 352  
2/I 5/4 2/I 4/3

I/I	5/4	4/3	6/5	3/2
293	2933	1564	469	528

*ppp*

15ma-----

26

*ppp*

587 513 196 330  
2/I 2/I 7/4 4/3

I/I	7/4	4/3	9/8	3/2
293	2054	1369	440	495

*ppp*

8va-----

27

*ppp*

	587	587	293	495
	2/1	2/1	7/4	4/3

---

I/1	2/1	7/4	9/8	3/2
293	4693	2053	660	743

15ma-----

*ppp*

28

*p*

	587	513	225	561
	2/1	2/1	2/1	4/3

---

I/1	7/4	7/4	5/3	3/2
293	2054	1797	749	842

8va-----

*p*